IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 46 and 47 have been canceled herein. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1-9. (canceled).

10. (previously presented) A method for inhibiting a kinase, comprising administering to an animal in need thereof an effective amount of a compound having the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_2 & & & & \\
E & & & & \\
D & & & & \\
C & & & & \\
E & & & & \\
D & & & & \\
R_3 & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof,

wherein

A is selected from -C(=O)-, -(CH₂)₀₋₄-, -C(=O)(CH₂)₁₋₃-, -(CH₂)₁₋₂O- and -(CH₂)₁₋₂S-;

B is selected from N and CH;

C is selected from -C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH₂)₁₋₃-, -(CH₂)₀₋₃-, -O-, -S-, -O-(CH₂)₁₋₂- and -S(CH₂)₁₋₂-;

D is selected from N and $C(R_4)$;

F is an optional carbonyl moiety;

 R_1 and R_4 are independently selected from amino acid side chain moieties and derivatives thereof;

R₂ and R₂' represent one or more optional ring substituents individually selected from an amino acid side chain moiety and derivatives

thereof, or R₂ taken together with C or Y forms a fused substituted or unsubstituted homocyclic or heterocyclic ring;

 R_3 is selected from an amino acid side chain moiety and derivatives thereof, or taken together with C forms a bridging moiety selected from -(CH₂)₁₋₂-, -O- and -S-;

Y and Z represent the remainder of the molecule; and any two adjacent CH groups of the bicyclic ring may form a double bond.

11. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein E is
$$\frac{-C (R_1)}{NHZ}$$
.

12. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein E is
$$\frac{-N}{Z}$$
.

13. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein E is , with
$$z$$
 the proviso that Z does not contain an -NH- moiety attached to the carbon atom bearing the R_1 substituent.

14. (original) The method of claims 10 wherein the kinase is a serine/threonine or tyrosine kinase.

15-29. (canceled).

30. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein the compound has the structure:

31. (withdrawn) The method of claim 30 wherein the compound has the structure:

wherein X is a substituent and m = 0-4.

32. (withdrawn) The method of claim 30 wherein the compound has the structure:

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33. (previously presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the compound has the structure:

- 34. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_1 is an amino acid side chain moiety or derivative thereof.
- 35. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_2 is an amino acid side chain moiety or derivative thereof.
- 36. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_2 is hydrogen or a lower chain alkyl.
 - 37. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_2 is methyl.
- 38. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_3 is an amino acid side chain moiety or derivative thereof.
 - 39. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_3 is hydrogen or methyl.

- 40. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein Y is an amino acid.
- 41. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein Y is selected from a group consisting of Serine, Threonine, Tyrosine, and Histidine.
- 42. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein Z is an amino acid side chain moiety or derivative thereof.
- 43. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein Z is an unsubstituted or substituted lower chain alkyl, lower chain aryl or lower chain aralkyl moiety.
- 44. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein Z is an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl.
- 45. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein Z is a monosubstituted phenyl or benzyl.
 - 46 & 47. (canceled).
 - 48. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein F is a direct bond.
 - 49. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein F is a carbonyl moiety.
- 50. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein F-Y, taken together, is
- --C(=O)H, --C(=O)OH, --C(=O)OR, --C(=O)NHR, $--C(=O)CH_2X$,
- —CH(OH)CH=CHC(=O)H, —CH(OH)CH=CHC(=O)R, —CH(OH)CH=CHC(=O)OR,
- --C(=O)CH=CHC(=O)R, --C(=O)CH=CHC(=O)OR, --CH(OH)C=CC(=O)R,
- --CH(OH)C \equiv CC(\equiv O)OR, --CH(OH)CH \equiv CHC(\equiv O)NHR,
- —CH(OH)CH=CHC(=O)NRR, —C(=O)CH=CHC(=O)NHR,
- --C(=O)CH=CHC(=O)NRR, --CH(OH)C=CC(=O)NHR or

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—CH(OH)C≡CC(=O)NRR, wherein each occurrence of R is independently selected from a straight chain or branched, cyclic or noncyclic, substituted or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated lower chain alkyl, aryl or aralkyl moiety, and X is Cl, F, Br or I.

- 51. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R_2 is not present.
- 52. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10 wherein R₂' is not present.
- 53. (previously presented) The method of claim 14 wherein the kinase is selected from a cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase A, a protein kinase C, a mitogenactivated protein kinase, or a calcium-dependent protein kinase.